Laadukas raaka-aine, bioaktiiviset yhdisteet ja terveysvaikutukset



Prof. Kati Hanhineva, Elintarvikekemian ja elintarvikekehityksen yksikkö, Biokemian laitos, Turun yliopisto



Outline

- What is healthy to eat?
- Phytochemicals what are they and why bother?
- Case whole grains and strawberries



Healthy (Nordic) diet

- Composed of:
 - Plenty of vegetables, fruits (berries), whole grains, legumes, nuts, unsaturated oils
 - Low to moderate amounts of seafood and poultry
 - No or low amounts of red meat, processed meat, added sugar, refined grains, starchy vegetables

The EAT-Lancet Commission on Food, Planet, Health brought together 37 world-leading scientists from across the globe to answer this question:

Can we feed a future population of 10 billion people a healthy diet within planetary boundaries?

Food in the Anthropocene: the EAT-Lancet Commission on healthy diets from sustainable food systems

CrossMark

Walter Willett, Johan Rockström, Brent Loken, Marco Springmann, Tim Lang, Sonja Vermeulen, Tara Garnett, David Tilman, Fabrice DeClerck, Amanda Wood, Malin Jonell, Michael Clark, Line J. Gordon, Jessica Fanza, Corinna Hawkes, Rami Zurayk, Juan A Rivera, Wim De Viries, LindiweyNajde Sibanda, Ashkan Afshin, Abhishek Chaudhary, Mario Herrero, Rina Agustina, Francesco Branca, Anna Lartey, Shenggen Fan, Beatrice Crona, Elizabeth Fax, Victoria Bignet, Max Troell, Therese Lindahl, Sudhwir Sinah, Sarah E Cornell, K Srinath Reddy, Sunita Narain, Sanio Rishtar, Christopher J. Murray



Lancet 2019; 393: 447-92 Published Online January 16, 2019 http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/ S0140-6736(18)31788-4



Healthy diet is essential part of preventive healthcare

 Global adoption of healthy reference dietary pattern would provide major health benefits, including a large reduction in total mortality

The New Hork Times

Opinion

We Need Better Answers on Nutrition

The U.S. is overdue to establish an institute devoted to research on the top cause of poor health.

By Joon Yun, David A. Kessler and Dan Glickman

Dr. Yun, Dr. Kessler and Mr. Glickman have served to improve the nation's health as leaders in government, academia and the nonprofit sector.

Feb. 28, 2019



03-21-19 | WELL TO DO

"Prescribing" fruits and veggies would save \$100 billion in medical costs

Researchers at Tufts University made the case that subsidized fruits and vegetables could prevent millions of cases of chronic diseases.







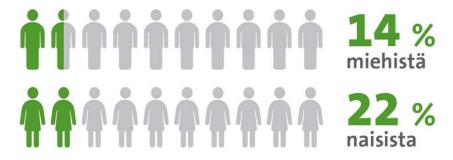






Harva syö riittävästi kasviksia, hedelmiä ja marjoja

Suosituksen (500 g/vrk) ylittäneiden osuus



IKÄRYHMÄ: 18-74-vuotiaat

Keskimääräinen kulutus

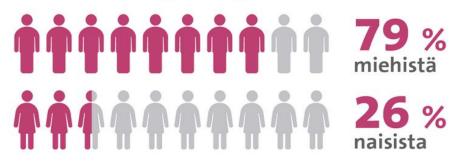




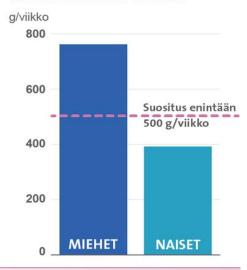


Valtaosa miehistä syö liikaa punaista ja prosessoitua lihaa

Suosituksen (500 g/viikko) ylittäneiden osuus



Keskimääräinen kulutus



IKÄRYHMÄ: 18-74-vuotiaat

TERVEYDEN JA HYVINVOINNIN LAITOS

Lähde: THL, FinRavinto 2017 -tutkimus

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What makes plant-based food healthy?

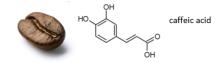
- Low in energy, high in nutrients
- Good quality carbohydrates (bran), proteins and lipids
- Vitamins, minerals
- Phytochemicals

"Eat the rainbow!"



Phytochemicals

- Plant –made bioacitive compounds
- Inevitable for plants, benefical for humans
 - Antimicrobial, antioxidative, anti-fungal...
- Plant rich meal contains 1000s of phytochemicals

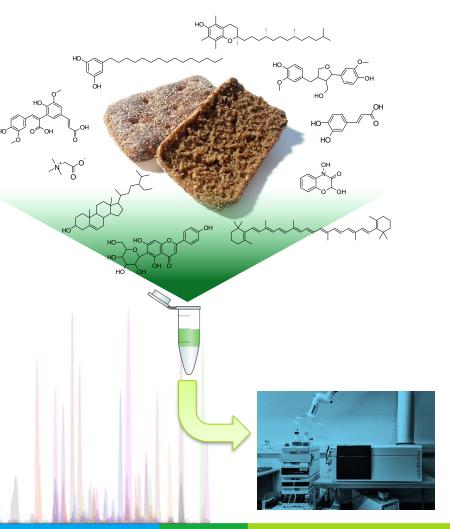


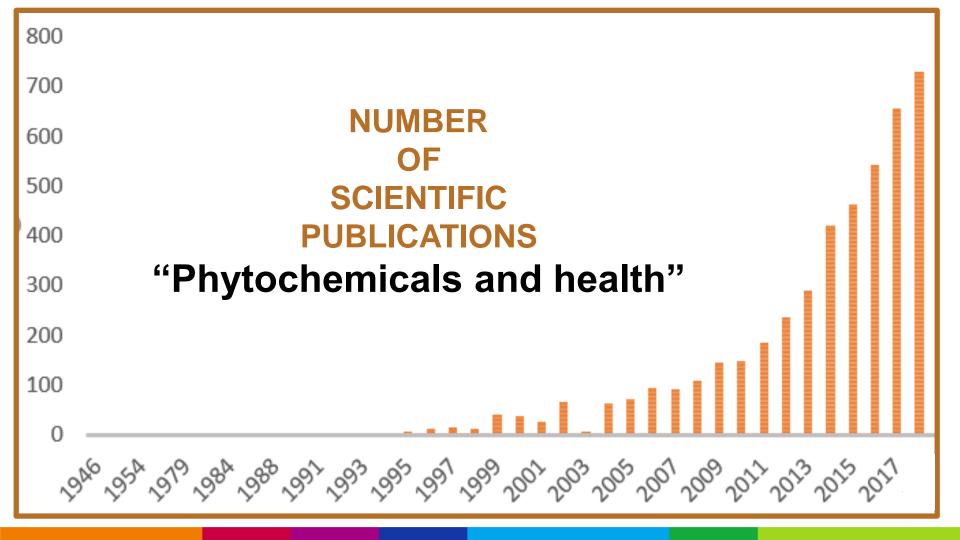




Metabolomics is powerful tool for phytochemical analysis

- The study of all the metabolites produced by a cell, tissue, or whole organism
- In food science and nutrition, it is a tool to study the metabolic profile of a food or the metabolic impact of a dietary intervention
- In a metabolomics study large number of compounds is measured from the samples by e.g. mass spectrometry or NMR





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Whole grains are beneficial for health

- Scientific evidence is strongly indicating the protective effect against several chronic diseases e.g. type 2 diabetes, cardiovascular diseases and certain cancers
- Molecular basis not completely understood

Whole-grain intake and total, cardiovascular, and cancer mortality: a systematic review and meta-analysis of prospective studies^{1,2}

Guo-Chong Chen³, Xing Tong³, Jia-Ying Xu⁴, Shu-Fen Han³, Zhong-Xiao Wan³, Jia-Bi Qin⁶, and Li-Qiang Qin³,⁵,*

The American Journal of CLINICAL NUTRITION

B Whole-grain intake and total mortality, nonlinear dose-response

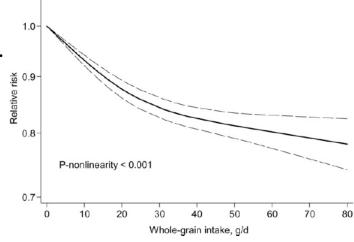
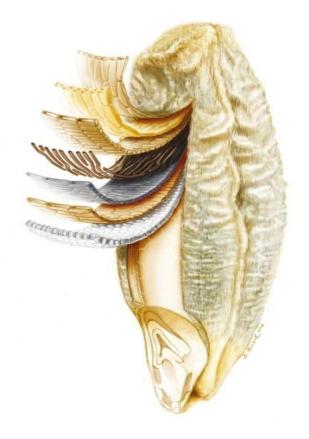


FIGURE 2 Meta-analysis of whole-grain intake and total mortality. The summary risk estimates were calculated with a random-effects model. HPFS,



Whole grain bran contains high diversity of phytochemicals

- 50-80% of the phytochemicals located on the bran and germ of grains
- Beneficial health effects associated with whole grain consumption due to the existence of phytochemicals?



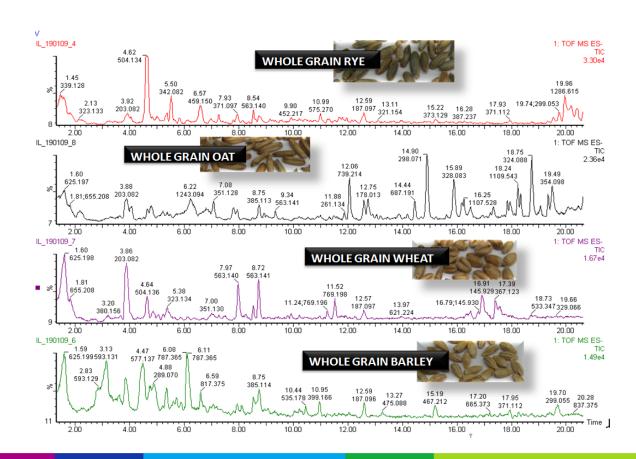
Koistinen et al., 2018, Scientific Reports, 8:5684 Kärkkäinen et al., 2018, Scientific Reports, 8:13036 Kärkkäinen et al., 2018, Am J Clin Nutr, https://doi.org/10.1093/ajcn/nqy169 Koistinen, Hanhineva, 2017, Crit Rev Food Sci Nutr, 57:1688



Phytochemical content has high diversity

Influencing factors:

- Different varieties
- Cultivation conditions
- Food technological processing
- Bioactive potential of the ready food product is affected by the phytochemical content





Strawberry phytochemical profile is dependent on the cultivar

- Berries have very rich phytochemical content
- The most influencing factor to the phytochemical content is the genotype

Food Research International 89 (2016) 647-653

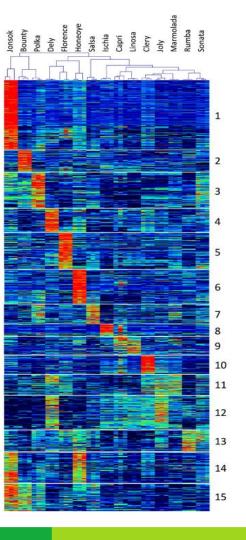


Metabolic profiling discriminates between strawberry (*Fragaria* × *ananassa* Duch.) cultivars grown in Finland or Estonia



Anna Kårlund ^{a,*}, Ulvi Moor ^b, Gordon McDougall ^c, Marko Lehtonen ^d, Reijo O. Karjalainen ^{a,e}, Kati Hanhineva ^a

- Institute of Public Health and Clinical Nutrition, University of Eastern Finland, P.O. Box 1627, Fl-70211 Kuopio, Finland
- b Estonian University of Life Sciences, Institute of Agricultural and Environmental Sciences, Kreutzwaldi 1A, EE51014 Tartu, Estonia
- ^c The James Hutton Institute, Invergowrie, Dundee DD2 5DA, Scotland, UK
- d School of Pharmacy, University of Eastern Finland, P.O. Box 1627, FI-70211 Kuopio, Finland
- ^e Department of Environmental and Biological Sciences, University of Eastern Finland, P.O. Box 1627, FI-70211 Kuopio, Finland



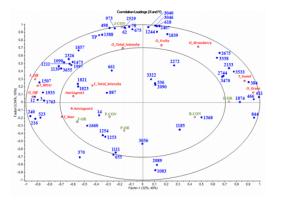
Strawberry phytochemical profile is related to sensory properties



Article pubs.acs.org/JAFO

Nontargeted Metabolite Profiles and Sensory Properties of Strawberry Cultivars Grown both Organically and Conventionally

Anna Kårlund,† Kati Hanhineva,‡ Marko Lehtonen,[#] Reijo O. Karjalainen,† and Mari Sandell*.§



Only foods chosen to be eaten have health effects!



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[§]Functional Foods Forum and Department of Biochemistry, Food Chemistry and Food Development, University of Turku, FI-20014 Turku, Finland

Conclusions

- Healthy Nordic diet is based on pure nutrient rich raw materials
- Phytochemicals are unique bioacitive compounds rich in plant-based food that participate in mediating the healthbeneficial effects
- Phytochemical composition is dependent of the variety, cultivation conditions, food processing methods

